## End of the Beginning

## Howard Williams

Jenny is using her calculator, which accepts the input of numbers of up to ten digits in length, to prepare her lesson plan on large numbers. She can't understand why the results being shown are smaller than she expected until she realizes that she has entered a number incorrectly.

She has entered the number with its first digit being incorrectly entered as its last digit. The number has been entered with its second digit first, its third digit second etc. and what should have been the first digit entered last. The number she actually entered into her calculator was $25 / 43$ rds of what it should have been.

What is the correct number?

## Solution

Let the correct number be "ab . . . . . ." depending on the number of digits.
i) For two digits- $\mathrm{ab}=\mathrm{ba} \times 43 / 25=1.72 \mathrm{ba}$
for " $b$ " to be an integer, and as " $a$ " can't be a 0 , then " $a$ " must be 5
so $5 \mathrm{~b}=1.72 \mathrm{x}$ b5 : $50+\mathrm{b}=1.72(10 \mathrm{~b}+5)=17.2 \mathrm{~b}+8.6: 16.2 \mathrm{~b}=41.4$ and multiplying by $5-$
$81 b=207$, as 81 doesn't divide exactly into 207, "b" can't be an integer so this can't be a solution.
ii) For three digits- $\mathrm{abc}=1.72 \mathrm{bca}$, and again " a " must be 5 .

So $500+10 \mathrm{~b}+\mathrm{c}=1.72(100 \mathrm{~b}+10 \mathrm{c}+5): 162 \mathrm{~b}+16.2 \mathrm{c}=491.4$ multiplying by $5-$
$810 b+81 c=2,457$, again 81 doesn't divide exactly into 2,457 so three digits doesn't have a solution.
iii) For four digits- $\quad 8,100 b+810 c+81 d=24,957 \quad$ - no solution
iv) For five digits- $\quad 81,000 b+8,100 c+810 d+81 e=249,957 \quad-$ no solution

A pattern is emerging as shown in the following table-

| Number of Digits | RHS Value |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2 | 207 |
| 3 | 2,457 |
| 4 | 24,957 |
| 5 | 249,957 |
| 6 | $2,499,957$ |
| 7 | $24,999,957$ |
| 8 | $249,999,957$ |
| 9 | $2,499,999,957$ |
| 10 | $24,999,999,957$ |

The number of digits in the RHS value being tested for divisibility by 81 is too many for most calculators so a short cut non-calculator test is applied in the following table. To test for divisibility by 81 the last digit of the number is removed and from the remaining number, 8 times the removed last digit is deducted. If after repeated application exactly 0 is left then the number is divisible by 81 .

| Number of Digits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| 207 | 2,457 | 24,957 | 249,957 | $2,499,957$ | $24,999,957$ | $249,999,957$ | $2,499,999,957$ | $24,999,999,957$ |
| -36 | 189 | 2,439 | 24,939 | 249,939 | $2,499,939$ | $24,999,939$ | $249,999,939$ | $2,499,999,939$ |
|  | -54 | 171 | 2,421 | 24,921 | 249,921 | $2,499,921$ | $24,999,921$ | $249,999,921$ |
|  |  | 9 | 234 | 2,484 | 24,984 | 249,984 | $2,499,984$ | $24,999,984$ |
|  |  |  | -9 | 216 | 2,466 | 24,966 | 249,966 | $2,499,966$ |
|  |  |  |  | -27 | 198 | 2,448 | 24,948 | 249,948 |
|  |  |  |  | -45 | 180 | 2,430 | 24,930 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 243 | 2,493 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | -63 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 225 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | -18 |  |  |

Only for 9 digits is the RHS value exactly divisible by 81 giving a quotient of $30,864,197$.
So $10^{7} \mathrm{~b}+10^{6} \mathrm{c}+10^{5} \mathrm{~d}+10^{4} \mathrm{e}+10^{3} \mathrm{f}+10^{2} \mathrm{~g}+10 \mathrm{~h}+\mathrm{i}=30,864,197$
As the first digit of the correct number, "a" is 5, the correct number is 530,864,197.

